# Relations Solutions Inc. Balance sheet

	Note	(Amount in Rs.) As at March 31, 2016
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Shareholders' funds		
Share capital	2.1.1	
Reserves and surplus	3.1.1	31,823
reserves and surplus	3.1.2	6,834,734
		6,866,557
Current liabilities		
Trade payables		
Payable to micro and small enterprises (Refer note 3.9)		
Others		2,139,980
Other current liabilities	3.2.1	
Short-term provisions	3.2.2	31,979,737
p. 0 1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	3.2.2	2,659,741
		36,779,458
ACCETEC		43,646,015
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Trade receivables	3.3.1	25,904,902
Cash and bank balances	3.3.2	15,831,051
Short-term loans and advances	3.3.3	1,287,687
Other current assets	3.3.4	622,375
		43,646,015
		43,646,015
Significant accounting policies and notes to the accounts	2 & 3	

The notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements

**Anand Sampath Kumar** 

Director

For Relational Solutions Inc.

Jagannathan Chakravarthi

Director

Place: Bengaluru Date: April 18, 2016

# Relations Solutions Inc. Statement of profit and loss

Particulars	Note	(Amount in Rs.) For the period July 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016
Revenue from operations		115,055,139
Other income	3.4	144,987
Total revenues		115,200,126
Expense:		
Employee benefits expense	3.5	80,485,579
Finance costs	3.7	156,529
Other expenses	3.5	27,387,165
Total expenses		108,029,273
Profit for the period		7,170,853
Earnings per equity share	3.8	
Basic		8,801.95
Diluted		8,801.95
Weighted average number of equity shares used in computing earni	ings per share	,
Basic		812.50
Diluted		812.50
Significant accounting policies and notes to the accounts	2 & 3	

The notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements

Anand Sampath Kumar Director Jagannathan Chakravarthi
Director

For Relational Solutions Inc.

Place: Bengaluru Date: April 18, 2016

# Relational Solutions Inc. Cash flow statement

For the period 'July 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016  Cash flow from operating activities  Profit before tax 7,151,58
Cash flow from operating activities  Profit before tax  7,151,58
Profit before tax 7,151,581
7,20,300
Adjustments for:
Interest expense 156,529
Interest / dividend income (1,912
Operating profit before working capital changes 7,306,198
Changes in trade receivables 8,566,43
Changes in loans and advances and other assets (372,493
Changes in liabilities and provisions (22,894,417
Net cash provided by operating activities before taxes (7,394,28)
Net cash provided by operating activities (7,394,28)
Cash flow from investing activities
Interest/ dividend received from investments 1,912
Net cash used in investing activities 1,912
Cash flow from financing activities
Interest paid on loans (156,529
Net cash used in financing activities (156,529)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (7,548,899
Opening cash balance in Relational Solutions Inc. 23,379,950
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period 15,831,051

The notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements

For Relational Solutions Inc.

Anand Sampath Kumar

Jagannathan Chakravarthi

Director

Director

Place: Bengaluru Date: April 18, 2016 Relations Solutions Inc.
Significant accounting policies and notes to the accounts

For the nine months period ended March 31, 2016

#### 1. Background

Relational Solutions Inc. is a company domiciled in Ohio, USA. The registered office of the Company is situated in Great Northern Corp Centre III, 25050 Country Club Blvd. Suite 105 North Olmsted, Ohio. The company is primarily engaged in the business of providing services like data warehousing, business intelligence and data integration.

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements are prepared solely for the purpose of consolidation with Mindtree Limited and presented in accordance with Indian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis and for the year ended March 31, 2016.

### 2.2 Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in India requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of Income and expense of the period, assets and liabilities and disclosures relating to contingent liability as of the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognised prospectively in future periods.

#### 2.3 Fixed assets and depreciation

- 2.3.1. Fixed assets are carried at cost of acquisition (including directly attributable costs such as freight, installation etc.) or construction less accumulated depreciation.
- 2.3.2 Acquired intangible assets are capitalised at the acquisition price. Internally generated intangible assets are recorded at cost that can be measured reliably during the development phase and when it is probable that future economic benefits that are attributable to the assets will flow to the Group.
- 2.3.3 Leases under which the Group assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Such assets are capitalised at fair value of the asset or present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception of the lease, whichever is lower. Lease payments under operating leases are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- 2,3.4 Advances paid towards the acquisition of fixed assets, outstanding at each balance sheet date are shown under capital advances. The cost of the fixed asset not ready for its intended use on such date, is disclosed under capital work-in- progress
- 2,3,5 The cost of leasehold land is amortised over the period of the lease. Leasehold improvements and assets acquired on finance lease are amortised over the lease term or useful life, whichever is lower.

## 2.4 Investments

- 2.4.1 Non-current investments are carried at cost less any other-than-temporary diminution in value, determined on the specific identification basis.
- 2.4.2 Current investments are carried at the lower of cost and fair value. The comparison of cost and fair value is carried out separately in respect of each investment.
- 2.4.3 Profit or loss on sale of investments is determined as the difference between the sale price and carrying value of investment, determined individually for each investment.

### 2.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the cash flow statement comprises cash in hand and balance in bank in current accounts and deposit accounts

#### 2.6 Employee benefits

The Company contributes to a defined contribution plan. Under a defined contribution plan, the Company's only obligation is to pay a fixed amount with no obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits. The expenditure for defined contribution plans is recognized as expense during the period when the employee provides service. Under a defined benefit plan, it is the Company's obligation to provide agreed benefits to the employees. The company's contribution to 401 (k) profit sharing expense plan is considered as defined contribution plan and are charged as an expense as they fall due with the amount of contribution required to be made.

#### Relations Solutions Inc.

Significant accounting policies and notes to the accounts

#### 2.7 Revenue recognition

2.7.1 The Company derives its revenues primarily from sale of software licenses, software development and related services and annual maintenance services. Revenue from software development on time-and-material basis is recognised as the related services are rendered. Revenue from fixed price contracts is recognised using the proportionate completion method, which is determined by relating the actual project cost of work performed to date to the estimated total project cost for each contract. Unbilled revenue represents cost and earnings in excess of billings while unearned revenue represents the billing in excess of cost and earnings. Provision for estimated losses, if any, on incomplete contracts are recorded in the period in which such losses become probable based on the current contract estimates.

Maintenance revenue is recognised ratably over the period of the maintenance contract.

- 2.7.2 Provision for discounts is recognised on an accrual basis in accordance with contractual terms of agreements with customers.

  Revenues are stated net of volume discount.
- 2.7.3 Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.
- 2.7.4 Interest income is recognised using the time proportion method, based on the transactional interest rates.

#### 2.8 Foreign Currency Translation

Foreign exchange transactions are recorded using the exchange rates prevailing on the dates of the respective transactions, Exchange differences arising on foreign exchange transactions settled during the period are recognised in the statement of profit and loss for the period.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies as at the balance sheet date are translated at the closing exchange rates on that date; the resultant exchange differences are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. Non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

In respect of integral operations, monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the balance sheet. Non-monetary items are translated at the historical rate. The items in the statement of profit and loss are translated at the rates prevailing on the dates of the respective transactions. The differences arising out of the translation are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

#### 2.9 Taxation

The current income tax charge is determined in accordance with the relevant tax regulations applicable to respective entities within the Group.

### 2.10 Provision and contingent liabilities

The Group creates a provision when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

Provisions for onerous contracts, i.e. contracts where the expected unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under it are recognised when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle a present obligation as a result of an obligating event, based on a reliable estimate of such obligation.

#### 2.11 Earnings per share

In determining earnings per share, the Group considers the net profit after tax and includes the post-tax effect of any extra-ordinary item. The number of equity shares used in computing basic earnings per share is the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The number of equity shares used in computing diluted earnings per share comprises weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and also weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

#### 2.12 Impairment of assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset (including goodwill) may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognised in the statement of profit and loss. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that if a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the carrying amount of asset does not exceed the net book value that would have been determined; if no impairment loss had been recognised. In respect of goodwill, impairment loss will be reversed only when it is caused by specific external events and their effects have been reversed by subsequent external events.

# Relations Solutions Inc. Significant accounting policies and notes to the accounts For the nine months period ended March 31, 2016

#### 3 Notes to the accounts

#### 3.1 Shareholders' funds

# 3.1.1 Share capital

Particulars	As at
	March 31, 2016
Authorised	
1,000 equity shares	
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	
812.5 equity shares fully paid	31,823

# 3.1.2 Reserves and surplus

Particulars	As at
	March 31, 2016
Surplus (Balance in the statement of profit and loss)	
Opening balance	90
Add: Amount transferred from statement of profit and loss*	6,834,734
Total	6,834,734

<sup>\*</sup> Includes loss amounting to Rs. 316,847 on account of acquition of the Company by Mindtree Limited.

#### 3.2 **Current liabilities**

# 3.2.1 Other current liabilities

Particulars	As at
	March 31, 2016
Unearned income	18,063,228
Employee related liabilities	13,916,509
Total	31,979,737

# 3.2.2 Short-term provisions

Particulars	As at
	March 31, 2016
Provision for employee benefits	
- Compensated absences	2,659,741
Total	2,659,741



# 3.3 Current assets

# 3.3.1 Trade receivables

Particulars	As at
	March 31, 2016
(Unsecured)	
Receivables overdue for a period exceeding six months	
Other receivables	25,904,902
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	2
Total	25,904,902

# 3.3.2 Cash and bank balances

Particulars	As at
	March 31, 2016
Balances with banks in current and deposit accounts	15,695,472
Cash on hand	135,579
Total	15,831,051

# 3.3.3 Short-term loans and advances

Particulars	As at
	March 31, 2016
(Unsecured, considered good)	•
Advances recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received	1,287,687
Total	1,287,687

# 3.3.4 Other current assets

Particulars	As at
	March 31, 2016
Other current assets	622,375
Total	622,375



# Relations Solutions Inc. Significant accounting policies and notes to the accounts For the nine months period ended March 31, 2016

# 3.4 Other income

Particulars	For the period 'July 1, 2015 to
	March 31, 2016
Interest income	1,912
Foreign exchange gain	143,075
Total	144,987

# 3.5 Expenses

Employee benefits expense	For the period 'July 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016	
Salaries and wages	69,128,873	
Contribution to provident and other funds	9,831,990	
Staff welfare expenses	1,524,716	
Total	80,485,579	

Finance costs	For the period 'July 1, 2015 to
	2015
Interest expense	156,529
Total	156,529

# Depreciation and amortisation expenses

Other expenses	For the period 'July 1, 2015 to
	March 31, 2016
Travel expenses	8,245,969
Communication expenses	4,974,374
Sub-contractor charges	2,210,880
Legal and Professional charges	5,563,066
Rent	3,573,300
Other expenses	2,819,576
Total	27,387,165



# Relations Solutions Inc.

Significant accounting policies and notes to the accounts

For the nine months period ended March 31, 2016

# 3.6 Segment Reporting

The Company is engaged in providing services in RCM Vertical and is considered to constitute a single segment in the context of primary segment reporting as prescribed by Accounting Standard 17 - "Segment Reporting".

The secondary segment is identified to geographical locations. Details of secondary segment by geographical locations are given below:

	For the period 'July 1, 2015 to
Particulars	March 31, 2016
America	112,194,607
Rest of the world	2,860,533

# 3.7 Related party transactions

Name of related party	Nature of relationship
Mindtree Limited	Holding Company
Magnet 360, LLC	Fellow subsidiary with effect from January 19, 2015
Reside, LLC	Fellow subsidiary with effect from January 19, 2015
M360 Investments, LLC	Fellow subsidiary with effect from January 19, 2015
Numerical Truth, LLC	Fellow subsidiary with effect from January 19, 2015
Bluefin Solutions Limited	Fellow subsidiary with effect from July 16, 2015
Bluefin Solutions Inc.	Fellow subsidiary with effect from July 16, 2015
Bluefin Solutions Sdn Bhd	Fellow subsidiary with effect from July 16, 2015
Blouvin (Pty) Limited	Fellow subsidiary with effect from July 16, 2015
Bluefin Solutions Pte Ltd	Fellow subsidiary with effect from July 16, 2015
Discoverture Solutions L.L.C.	Fellow subsidiary with effect from February 13, 2015
Discoverture SolutionsU.L.C.*	Fellow subsidiary with effect from February 13, 2015
Discoverture Solutions EuropeLimited**	Fellow subsidiary with effect from February 13, 2015
Mindtree Software (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Fellow subsidiary

<sup>\*</sup>Dissolved with effect from November 19, 2015.

Transactions with the above related parties during the none months period were:

Name of related party	Nature of transaction	For the period 'July 1, 2015 to
		March 31, 2016
Mindana Limited	Software license fees	2,860,533
Mindtree Limited	received	

# 3.8 Earnings per share

Reconciliation of number of equity shares used in the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share is set out below:

Particulars	For the period 'July 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016	
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period	<b>Basic EPS</b> 812.50	Diluted EPS 812.50
Weighted average number of equity shares resulting from assumed exercise of employee	.5	
Weighted average number of equity shares for calculation of earnings per share	812.50	812.50



<sup>\*\*</sup>Application for dissolution filed on March 24, 2016.

Relations Solutions Inc.

Significant accounting policies and notes to the accounts

For the nine months period ended March 31, 2016

# 3.9 Dues to micro, small and medium enterprises

The Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises has issued an office memorandum dated August 26, 2008 which recommends that the Micro and Small Enterprises should mention in their correspondence with its customers the Entrepreneurs Memorandum Number as allocated after filing of the Memorandum in accordance with the 'Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006' ('the Act'). Accordingly, the disclosure in respect of the amounts payable to such enterprises as at March 31, 2016 has been made in the financial statements based on information received and available with the Company. Further in view of the Management, the impact of interest, if any, that may be payable in accordance with the provisions of the Act is not expected to be material. The Company has not received any claim for interest from any supplier as at the balance sheet date.

Particulars	For the period July 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016
The principal amount and the interest due thereon (to be shown separately) remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of accounting period;	Nil
The amount of interest paid by the buyer under the Act along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting period;	Nil
The amount of interest due and payable for the period (where the principal has been paid but interest under the Act not paid);	Nil
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of accounting period; and	Nil
The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23.	Nil

Anand Sampath Kumar Director Jagannathan Chakravarthi Director

For Relational Solutions Inc.

Place: Bengaluru Date : April 18, 2016